
**Information technology — Framework and
taxonomy of International Standardized
Profiles —**

Part 1:
General principles and documentation
framework

*Technologies de l'information — Cadre et taxinomie des profils normalisés
internationaux —*

Partie 1: Principes généraux et cadre de documentation

Contents

Foreword	iii
Introduction.....	iv
1 Scope.....	1
2 References	1
3 Definitions	1
3.1 Terms defined in this part of ISO/IEC TR 10000.....	1
3.2 Terms defined in ISO/IEC TR 14252.....	2
3.3 Conformance Terminology	2
4 Abbreviations	2
5 Purpose of profiles	2
6 Concept of a profile.....	3
6.1 The relationship to base standards	3
6.2 Registration in ISPs	4
6.3 Principles of profile content	5
6.4 The meaning of conformance to a profile.....	6
6.5 Conformance requirements of profiles	6
7 Framework of the taxonomy of profiles	7
7.1 Nature and purpose of the taxonomy	7
7.2 Profile elements.....	7
8 Structure of documentation for profiles.....	7
8.1 Principles	7
8.2 Multi-part ISPs	8
8.3 Structure of ISPs	8
8.4 Profile Object Identifiers	9
Annex A.....	10
Rules for the drafting and presentation of International Standardized Profiles.....	10
A.1 Introduction	10
A.2 General arrangement (Rules 2.1).....	10
A.3 Preliminary elements	10
A.4 General normative elements	11
A.5 Technical normative elements.....	12
A.6 Supplementary elements.....	13
A.7 Editorial and layout information	13

© ISO/IEC 1998

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

ISO/IEC Copyright Office • Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards, but in exceptional circumstances a technical committee may propose the publication of a Technical Report of one of the following types:

- type 1, when the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an International Standard, despite repeated efforts;
- type 2, when the subject is still under technical development or where for any other reason there is the future but not immediate possibility of an agreement on an International Standard;
- type 3, when a technical committee has collected data of a different kind from that which is normally published as an International Standard ("state of the art", for example).

Technical Reports of types 1 and 2 are subject to review within three years of publication, to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards. Technical Reports of type 3 do not necessarily have to be reviewed until the data they provide are considered to be no longer valid or useful.

ISO/IEC TR 10000-1, which is a Technical Report of type 3, was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO/IEC TR 10000-1:1995), which has been technically revised.

ISO/IEC TR 10000 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Framework and taxonomy of International Standardized Profiles*:

- *Part 1: General principles and documentation framework*
- *Part 2: Principles and Taxonomy for OSI Profiles*
- *Part 3: Principles and Taxonomy for Open System Environment Profiles*

Other parts to be defined as necessary.